

WWII & NYC and the 8th Grade Social Studies Scope and Sequence

Directions: As you go through the exhibition, circle topics from the Scope and Sequence that you see addressed in the galleries. Take notes on specific items that help you illustrate these topics.

Unit 5: THE UNITED STATES ASSUMES WORLDWIDE RESPONSIBILITIES

Essential Question: How do competing views of power and morality lead to global conflict?

Causes of World War II: Worldwide depression, Rise of Communism, Rise of Fascism, Propaganda, Failure of the League of Nations, Rise of totalitarianism, Development of alliances, Aggression by Axis powers, Imperialism, Militarism, Nationalism

U.S. Involvement: Lend-Lease Act, Attack on Pearl Harbor, End of isolationism, Mobilization of resources, War on two fronts

The Home Front during World War II: Role of women in the workforce, Rationing, Japanese internment, War bonds, Limited progress for African Americans

End of World War II: Surrender of Axis powers, Yalta Conference, Nuremberg Trials, Defeat of Germany, Holocaust and human rights, Use of atomic bomb, Reparations for human rights violations, Human and economic loss

**WWII & NYC and the
11th Grade Social Studies Scope and Sequence**

Directions: As you go through the exhibition, circle topics from the Scope and Sequence that you see addressed in the galleries. Take notes on specific items that help you illustrate these topics.

**Unit 6: THE UNITED STATES IN AN AGE OF GLOBAL CRISIS:
RESPONSIBILITY AND COOPERATION**

Peace in Peril; 1933-1950 Isolation & Neutrality: Causes of disillusion & pacifism, Neutrality Acts of 1935-37, Spanish Civil War: testing war technology & ideology, FDR's "quarantine" speech

Failure of peace; triumph of aggression: Aggressions of Japan, Germany, Italy: 1932-1940; Appeasement: The Munich Conference (1938); German attack on Poland, start of World War II in Europe; Gradual United States involvement: Neutrality Act of 1939 ("cash and carry"), Lend-Lease Act and 50 overage destroyers deal, The moral dimension: The Atlantic Charter (August 1941)

The United States in World War II: Pearl Harbor; The human dimensions of the war, Role of women, Mobilization, Financing the war, Rationing, Experiences of men and women in military service; Allied strategy and leadership: Assistance to Soviet Union, Europe first, A two-front war

The United States in World War II (cont'd): The atomic bomb, United States occupation of Japan, Japanese war crime trials; The war's impact on minorities: Incarceration of West Coast Japanese-Americans, Extent of racially integrated units in the military, The Nazi Holocaust: United States and world reactions, The Nuremberg war crimes trials
